

Structural Calculations BJG# 20070133

Project:

0403-622A

Prepared for:

MicroMetl Corporation

905 Southern Way Sparks, NV 89431

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Job#:

20070133

By: Date: TRH 9/7/2007

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Frame and	Support Curb	<u>Information</u>
h _{FRAME} =	30	in - Overa

Product Number 0403-622A-01CBC

h _{FRAME} =	30	in - Overall height from support substrate to top of curb
h _{SUPPORT} =	6	in - Height of support curb from top of isolators to bottom of unit
L _{CURB} =	110.75	in - Longitudinal distance from center-to-center of transverse curb members
W _{CURB} =	79.5	in - Transverse distance from center-to-center of longitudinal curb members
h _i =	4.5	in - Height of isolator
$d_i =$	7.5	in - Dist. off long member end to isolator
d _{HD} =	7.5	in - Dist. off short member end to holddown

Unit Information

W _P =	3085	lbs - Max. unit weight
h _{UNIT} =	52.625	in - Overall unit height above curb
h _{CM} =	35.1	in - Height above curb to center of mass
L _{UNIT} =	136.25	in - Overall unit length (longitudinal direction)
W _{UNIT} =	92	in - Overall unit length (transverse direction)

Seismic Loading - 2006 International Building Code (2006 IBC)

Ocidanic Education - Land International Danding Odde (2000 100)					
$Fp_{MAX} = 1.6$	$Fp_{MAX} = 1.6 * S_{DS} * Ip * Wp$				
Ss =	2	(2 is worst case in NV, OR, WA, AZ)			
Fa =[1	(1.0 at worst case Site D, Ss ≥ 1.25)			
Sms =	2	= FaSs			
S _{DS} =	1.33	= 2/3 Sms			
lp =[1.5	(1.5 at worst case Occupancy)			
Fp _{MAX} =	3.20	Wp			
Fp _{MAX} =	2.29	Wp (ASD)			
Fp _{MAX} =	7051	lb (ASD) - ASD values will be used throughout unless noted otherwise			

Seismic Loading - 2001 California Building Code (2001 CBC)

Fp _{MAX} = 4 *	Ca * lp * Wp	*
Ca =	0.44	(.44 at worst case at Zone 4, Soil Type Sd)
Na =	1.5	(1.5 at worst case Seismic Source Type A <= 2km)
lp =	1.5	(1.5 at worst case Occupancy)
Fp _{MAX} =	3.96]Wp
Fp _{MAX} =	2.83	Wp (ASD)
Fp _{MAX} =	8726	lb (ASD) - ASD values will be used throughout unless noted otherwise

Controlling Seismic Loads

Fp _{MAX} =	2.83	Wp (ASD)
Fp _{MAX} =	8726	lb (ASD) - ASD values will be used throughout unless noted otherwise

Wind Loading Check

Max. Projected Area $(A_{MAX}) = h_{UNIT} * MAX (L_{UNIT} \text{ or } W_{UNIT})$

Equivalent wind pressure required to equal seisimic loading $(P_{EQ}) = Fp_{MAX} / A_{MAX}$

Job#: 20070133 By: TRH Date: 9/7/2007 Page: 2 0403-622A Connectors from Unit to Support: Use Self-drilling, Self Tapping Steel Screws, allowable load per Table IV-7A of the cold formed steel manual #10 screw allowable load in 16 gage minimum material is 463 lbs each Transverse or Longitudinal Loading $V_{\text{each side}} = 2/3 * \text{Fp}_{MAX} (ASD)$ V_{HD} = 5817 lb per side (where applicable) Transverse Loading Holddowns: N_{HD} = Number of holddowns per long side $R_{HD1} = (Fp_{MAX} * h_{CM}) / (N_{HD} * W_{CURB}) - 1/3 * W_{P}$ 255 lb per HD $R_{HD1} =$ uplift 0 lb per HD $V_{HD} =$ Max Resultant Force = 255 ib per HD Min Screws Required = per HD Isolators: $R_{MAX} = (Fp_{MAX} * (h_{cm} + h_s)) / W_{CURB} + 2/3 * W_{P}$ R_{MAX} = 6566 lb per side - Downward RISO $_{MIN}$ = ($\overline{Fp_{MAX} * (h_{cm} + h_s)}$) / W_{CURB} - 1/3 * W_P 3481 lb per side R_{ISO MIN} = V_{ISO} =F_{pMAX}/(# Iso) V_{ISO} = lb per side Longitudinal Loading Holddowns: $R_{HD1} = (F_{pmax} * h_{cm}) / (2*(L_{UNIT} - d_{HD}) - 1/6*W_{P})$ $R_{HD1} =$ 675 Ib per HD Assume all uplift into end holddowns $V_{HD} =$ 1939 lb per HD Max Resultant Force = 2053 lb per HD per HD Min Screws Required = Isolators: $R_{MAX} = (Fp_{MAX} * (h_{cm} + h_s)) / (L_{CURB} - 2d_i) + 2/3 * W_P$ 5801 Ib per side - Downward $R_{ISO\,MIN} = (Fp_{MAX} * (h_{cm} + h_s)) / (L_{CURB} - 2d_i) - 1/3 * W_P$ R_{ISO MIN} = 2716 lb per side uplift V_{ISO} = V_{each side} 5817 lb per side V_{iso}=

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Isolator Load Summary

USE 5 TYPE OPA0070 Isolator restraints each long side for shear and vertical USE 2 TYPE OPA0070 Isolator restraints each short side for shear

Max. V_{ISO} ↔ = V_{ISO} max. due to transverse or longitudinal loading

Max. V_{ISO} ↔ = 5817 lb per side

Max. V_{ISO} ↔ = **831** Ib each isolator

Max. $R_{ISO} \downarrow$ = max. downward force due to transverse or longitudinal loading

Max. R_{ISO} ↓ = **6566** Ib per side

Max. R_{ISO} ↓ = 1313 Ib each isolator

Max. R_{ISO} ↑ = max. uplift force due to transverse or longitudinal loading

Max. R_{ISO} ↑ = 3481 | lb per side

Max. R_{ISO} ↑ = 696 Ib each isolator

PRE-APPROVED MAXIMUM ALLOWABLE LOADS

Allowable Horizontal = 1000 | Ib each isolator | OKAY |
Allowable Vertical = 1600 | Ib each isolator | OKAY |

Tube Steel Support Assembly

Use 10GA cold-formed overlapping channels, 6" tall, 1.125" wide; Use properties for hollow rectangle Conditions and formulas per AISI Cold-Formed Steel Specification (2001)

Analyze as a beam

Bending: (Per C3.1)

		_
t =	0.134]in
Fy =	33	ksi
b =	1.125]in
d =	6]in
C _b =	1.14	AISC 13th ed. Table 3-1
E =	29000	ksi
G =	11500	ksi
l _y =	0.41]in⁴
J =	1.71	in ⁴
S _x =	2.057	in ³
Ax =	1.61	in ^z
b ₁ = b - 2 * t =	0.857	in
$d_1 = d - 2 * t =$	5.732	in
$L = (L_{CURB} - 2 * d_i) /2 =$	47.875	ìn
$L_u = L/2 =$	23.94	l in
$b_{eff} = b - 3 * t =$	0.723	in
$h_{eff} = d - 3 * t =$	5.598	in

Allowed Lateral Unbraced Length, LA

$$\begin{split} L_{A} &= 0.36 \text{*C}_{b} \pi / (\text{FyS}_{y}) \text{*} (\text{EGJIy})^{1/2} \\ L_{A} &= \begin{array}{c} \textbf{291.2} \\ \Omega_{b} &= \begin{array}{c} \textbf{1.67} \\ \end{array} \end{split} \text{in} \qquad \text{(Eq. C3.1.2.2-1)} \end{split}$$

If laterally unbraced length is less than or equal to \mathbf{L}_{u} , then the nominal moment \mathbf{M}_{n} shall be used

$$\label{eq:Lu} \begin{array}{c} \text{Lu} < \text{La OKAY} \\ \text{M}_{n} = S_{e}F_{y} \\ \text{M}_{n} \, / \, \Omega_{b} = \boxed{ \mbox{40.6} } \mbox{k-in} \end{array} \tag{Eq. C3.1.1-1}$$

Max moment due to center holddown, Mu

$$M_u = WL^2/8$$
 $M_u = 39293.94$ | Ib-in | K-in | K-in |

BENDING OKAY

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Shear: (Per C3.2.1) $\Omega_{\rm v} =$ 1.60 h / t = 44.8 $k_v =$ 5.34 $\sqrt{(Ek_v / F_v)} =$ 68.5 in² Aw = 1.61 $F_v =$ 19.80 ksi F_v per Eqs. C3.2.1-2, 3, 4

Nominal Shear Strength

$$V_n = A_w F_v$$
 $V_n = 31.8$ kips (Eq. C3.2.1-1)
 $V_n / \Omega_v = 19.9$ kips

Max Shear Force

$$V_u = \frac{V_u = R_{MAX}/2}{3.28} \text{ kips} \qquad \text{OKAY}$$

Web Crippling: (Per C3.4.1) C =7.5 Ch = 0.048 C_N = 0.12 CR = 80.0 $\Omega_w =$ 1.75 N = 4 in. R= 0.25 lin. θ= 90

Note: N = Bearing length per isolator

Nominal Web Crippling Strength

$$P_{n} = Ct^{2}F_{y} \sin \theta (1-C_{R}(R/t)^{1/2})(1+C_{N}(N/t)^{1/2})(1-C_{h}(h/t)^{1/2})$$

$$P_{n} = 4.45 \text{ kips / web (Eq. C3.4.1-1)}$$

$$P_{n} = 8.90 \text{ kips}$$

$$P_{n} / \Omega_{w} = 5.084 \text{ kips}$$

OKAY

Frame Assembly Stiffeners

Use 12 gage stiffener material

Conditions and formulas per AISI Cold-Formed Steel Specification (2001)

t ==	0.105	in
Fy =	33	ksi
Length =	7	in
Width =	1.5	in
Height =	20	in
$\Omega_{\rm C}$ =	1.8	
A =	1.03	ın⁴
r ₁ =	0.65	in
r ₂ =	2.51	in
kl/r _{min} =	30.8	

$$\begin{split} F_e &= \pi^2 E / (KL/r)^2 \\ F_e &= \boxed{301.18} \text{ ksi} & (Eq. C4.1-1) \\ \lambda_c &= \sqrt{(F_y/F_e)} \\ \lambda_c &= \boxed{0.33} & (Eq. C4-4) \\ F_n &= \boxed{25.01} \text{ ksi} & (Eq. C4-2,3) \\ P_n &= A_e F_n \\ P_n &= \boxed{25.71} \text{ kips} & (Eq. C4-1) \\ P_n / \Omega_c &= \boxed{14.28} \text{ kips} \\ P_U &= \boxed{3283.04} \text{ lbs} \\ P_U &= \boxed{3.28} \text{ kips} & \text{STIFFENER OKAY} \end{split}$$

Anchorage to Supporting Structure

Shear to each long side = 5817 lbs
Shear to each short side = 5817 lbs

$$\begin{split} R_{\text{ISO MIN}} &= \left(Fp_{\text{MAX}} * \left(h_{\text{cm}} + h_{\text{frame}} \right) \right) / W_{\text{CURB}} - 1/3 * W_{\text{P}} \\ &\text{Uplift to each long side} = \boxed{ 6115} \text{ lbs} \\ R_{\text{ISO MIN}} &= \left(Fp_{\text{MAX}} * \left(h_{\text{cm}} + h_{\text{frame}} \right) \right) / \left(L_{\text{CURB}} - 2 * d_i \right) - 1/3 * W_{\text{P}} \\ &\text{Uplift to each short side} = \boxed{ 4903} \text{ lbs} \end{split}$$

Anchorage to Concrete Pad

4 in. thick conrete pad - min. embedment of 3 in., min. spacing of 8 in. and min. edge distance of 6 in.

w/ 1/2" Simpson Titen HD, allow = 1605 | lbs in shear w/ 1/2" Simpson Titen HD, allow = 1155 | lbs in tension

Try 7 Titen HD's per long side at a minimum
Try 6 Titen HD's per short side

(Actual Shear / Allowable Shear)^(5/3) + (Actual Tension / Allowable Tension)^(5/3) ≤1.0

Elliptical Interaction Equation = 0.962 at the long sides OK, less than 1.0 Elliptical Interaction Equation = 0.993 at the short sides OK, less than 1.0

Anchorage to Wood sub-Structure

With Simpson 1/4 x 3" SDS screws...

Allow Shear = 470 | Ib per simpson catalog | Allow Tension = 550 | Ib assuming 2" penetration per NDS Table 11.2B (#14 wood screw)

7 screws required for uplift long side 5 screws required for uplift short side

13 screws required for shear both sides

20 total screws required long side 18 total screws required short side 5.80 inches maximum spacing
4.6 inches maximum spacing

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Anchorage to Steel sub-Structure

The steel sub-structure will have wood blocking in place between flutes of metal deck, therefore the required number of SDS screws will be the same as for the wood sub-structure.

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Anchorage to Steel

Note: Connection evaluated without consideration of bolt hole deformation.

With A307 1/2" Bolts...

t =	0.060	in
F _y =	33	ksi
$F_u =$	45	ksi
e=	1	in.
d=	1/2	in.
width=	3	in.

$R_{\text{ISO MIN}} = (Fp_{\text{MAX}} * (h_{\text{cm}} + h_{\text{frame}})) / Uplift to each long side = R_{\text{ISO MIN}} = (Fp_{\text{MAX}} * (h_{\text{cm}} + h_{\text{frame}})) / Uplift to each short side = P_{\text{MAX}} * (h_{\text{cm}} + h_{\text{frame}}) / Uplift to each short side = P_{\text{MAX}} * (h_{\text{cm}} + h_{\text{frame}}) / Uplift to each short side = P_{\text{MAX}} * (h_{\text{cm}} + h_{\text{frame}}) / Uplift to each short side = P_{\text{MAX}} * (h_{\text{cm}} + h_{\text{frame}}) / Uplift to each short side = P_{\text{MAX}} * (h_{\text{cm}} + h_{\text{frame}}) / Uplift to each short side = P_{\text{MAX}} * (h_{\text{cm}} + h_{\text{frame}}) / Uplift to each short side = P_{\text{MAX}} * (h_{\text{cm}} + h_{\text{frame}}) / Uplift to each short side = P_{\text{MAX}} * (h_{\text{cm}} + h_{\text{frame}}) / Uplift to each short side = P_{\text{MAX}} * (h_{\text{cm}} + h_{\text{frame}}) / Uplift to each short side = P_{\text{MAX}} * (h_{\text{cm}} + h_{\text{frame}}) / Uplift to each short side = P_{\text{MAX}} * (h_{\text{cm}} + h_{\text{frame}}) / Uplift to each short side = P_{\text{MAX}} * (h_{\text{cm}} + h_{\text{frame}}) / Uplift to each short side = P_{\text{MAX}} * (h_{\text{cm}} + h_{\text{frame}}) / Uplift to each short side = P_{\text{MAX}} * (h_{\text{cm}} + h_{\text{frame}}) / Uplift to each short side = P_{\text{MAX}} * (h_{\text{cm}} + h_{\text{frame}}) / Uplift to each short side = P_{\text{MAX}} * (h_{\text{cm}} + h_{\text{frame}}) / Uplift to each short side = P_{\text{MAX}} * (h_{\text{cm}} + h_{\text{frame}}) / Uplift to each short side = P_{\text{MAX}} * (h_{\text{cm}} + h_{\text{frame}}) / Uplift to each short side = P_{\text{MAX}} * (h_{\text{cm}} + h_{\text{frame}}) / Uplift to each short side = P_{\text{MAX}} * (h_{\text{cm}} + h_{\text{frame}}) / Uplift to each short side = P_{\text{MAX}} * (h_{\text{cm}} + h_{\text{frame}}) / Uplift to each short side = P_{\text{MAX}} * (h_{\text{cm}} + h_{\text{frame}}) / Uplift to each short side = P_{\text{MAX}} * (h_{\text{cm}} + h_{\text{frame}}) / Uplift to each short side = P_{\text{MAX}} * (h_{\text{cm}} + h_{\text{frame}}) / Uplift to each short side = P_{\text{MAX}} * (h_{\text{cm}} + h_{\text{frame}}) / Uplift to each short side = P_{\text{MAX}} * (h_{\text{cm}} + h_{\text{frame}}) / Uplift to each shor$	6115 (L _{CURB} - 2 * d _i	lbs
Shear to each long side = Shear to each short side =		lbs lbs

Design strength based on spacing and edge distance:

P _n =	2.7	kips/bolt
$F_u/F_y=$	1.36	
Ω=	2.00	
Ф≕	0.70	
$P_n/\Omega =$		kips/bolt
ΦP _n =	1.89	kips/bolt
3d=	1 1/2	NOTE: Distance between bolt hole centers must be greater than 3d.
1.5d=	3/4	NOTE: Distance from edge of connection to bolt hole center must be greater than 1.5d

Design strength based on bearing:

NOTE: bolt hole deformation is not considered

C=	3	in ²
m _f =	0.75	Table E3.3.1-2
Ω=	2.50	
Ф=	0.60	
P _n =	3.0375	kips/bolt
$P_n/\Omega = \Phi P_n =$	1.215	kips/bolt
ΦP _n =	1.82	kips/bolt

Design strength based on bolt shear:

P _n =	5.3	kips/bolt	(Table IV-6)
Ω=	2.40		
Ф=	0.65		
$P_n/\Omega =$	2.21	kips/bolt	
ΦP _n =	3.45	kips/bolt	

Governing limit state:

			Governing Limit State		
P _n /Ω=	1.22	kips/bolt	Bearing Strength		
ΦP _n =	1.82	kips/bolt	Bearing Strength		
6 # of holts for the long side					

of bolts for the short side